

STONY PLAIN SUN.

VOLUME THIRTEEN

STONY PLAIN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JAN. 12, 1933

Whole No. 643

ROYAL CAFE, STONY PLAIN.

(Phone 83)

BOXED CHOCOLATES, from 10 Cents to \$1.
Paasey's, Lowney's and Paulin's.
TRY OUR SPECIAL DINNER—25c. and Up.
FIRST-CLASS FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.
A Big Sale Now On of BRIAR PIPES at 25 cents.

L. M. LARSON, Proprietor.

A STRIKING AND PROFITABLE OFFER FOR YOU.

The Stony Plain Sun and
The Family Herald & Weekly Star

Both
Together
For **\$1.65.**

Here is a Combination Offer which Every
Reader should profit by.

The Stony Plain Sun is \$1.50 a year.
The Family Herald & Weekly Star is \$1.

By subscribing thru this attractive combination
offer at \$1.65 you are offered a clear saving of \$1.35,
a saving well worth considering.

The Stony Plain Sun, which no resident of this
locality can well afford to be without, while featuring
general Dominion news, keeps you in touch with ev-
erything of importance in this district.

The Family Herald & Weekly Star, the national
rural magazine and farm paper of Canada, brings you
the up-to-date in farming news, a weekly magazine of
fine stories and special articles, and a digest of all the
news of importance, Canadian and world-wide.

SUBSCRIBE TODAY TO THIS HAPPY AND HELP-
FUL COMBINATION. THE TWO MOST NEEDED
PAPERS FOR YOUR HOME FOR ONLY \$1.65.
ADDRESS YOUR REMITTANCE FOR THIS OFFER
TO THE STONY PLAIN SUN.

**A DASHING
NEW SIX ...
A BRILLIANT
NEW
STRAIGHT
EIGHT**

**Today's
Great
Values**



PRODUCED IN CANADA

CM
CENTRAL MOTOR
DIVISION

A 74-horsepower Six—an 87-horsepower Eight
—Roomier, Sound-proofed Fisher Bodies—Ride
Regulator—Free Wheeling—Improved Synchro-Mesh Transmission
—Engine Decarbonizer—Full Automatic Choke—and many other
extra-value features. 036-12

Sommerfield & Mayer,
STONY PLAIN, Alberta.

Statement by the C.C.C.

For the benefit of those
who wish to know how the
"Triple C" whist drive pro-
ceeds were distributed, the
Girls make the following
statement—

Proceeds of admissions \$16.05
Proceeds of luncheon cloth tick-
ets 7.95 Total \$24.
Donation to Sunshine fund \$5.
Expenditure on Xmas cheer and
clothing for 6 families in Stony
Plain and district \$11.05
Balance—\$4.95—after expenses
had been deducted, was appropri-
ated by the club to be set aside into
a fund to be used only for local
charity.

With the Curlers.

The Pres. v. V. Pres. draw
ended with a decided win for
the V. Pres.; and, while turkey
suffered a loss at Christmas
and New Years, it is expected
that turkey will suffer a heav-
ier loss in the near future.

The new draw is now un-
der way for prizes; and it is
expected that this will be
made a double draw to short-
en the time necessary as each
team plays the other team
twice in this competition.

The personnel of the rinks
in this new draw is as follows:
Connolly—Sherwin, Elder, Loeb-
lich

Yeats—Robertson, Ulmer, S Com-
insarov

Wood—Morrison, Zucht, Singer
McCulla—Bryan, Mundt, Malloch
Gannon—Kelly, Reiser, Young
Geo. Oppertshauser—Kast, Henry
Oppertshauser, Kowensky
Wudel—Miller, Zilliox, J Enders
Lewis—Michael, B Comisarow,
Umbach

Oatway—H Sinner, H Campbell,
W R Sieber

Change in Train Service.

Another change, was made
in the running time of the
passenger trains which stop
at Stony Plain, three times a
week. On Sunday last, the
8th, the change went into ef-
fect. The Prince Rupert train
going west, which formerly
stopped here at 11.03 every
Sunday, Tues. and Thursday
evenings, arrives now at 10.47
p.m. The east-bound train,
whose former time for the stop
here was 5.32 a.m. now goes
thru in the evening at 8.15.

The change has been made
to allow passengers on trains
No. 1 and 2 destined for Pr.
Rupert to make a closer con-
nection at Jasper with the
Pr. Rupert train.

To those who dedicate the
Sabbath to letter-writing, the
new schedule will be a great
advantage, as now their letter
leaves this postoffice the day
they write it, where formerly
it didn't leave town until the
following Wednesday morn-
ing.

Following is the new time
table—

From the East—Sun. Tues. and
Thurs. 10.47 p.m.

From the West—Sun. Wed. &
Friday, at 8.15 p.m.

Mail to East—Sun. Wed. Friday
at 8.15 p.m.

Mail to West—Sun. Tues. and
Thurs. at 10.47 p.m.

Reg. dispatched and received
with every mail.

Get It at HARDWICK'S.

Clearance Items.

Real Bargain Round-Ups.

Large Size Flannelette Blankets,
best quality, \$1.75.

Allwool Men's Sox, 3 pairs for 50c.

Fingering Yarn, per pound 98c.

Buckskin Windbreakers \$1.95.

Lots of Grocery Specials.

FISH---A change of Diet is good.
We have Whitefish, Salmon, Kip-
pers, Haddock; all at special prices.

HARDWICK'S

**DON'T BUY IN THE DARK.
SPEND YOUR MONEY
FOR ADVERTISED GOODS.**

Guaranteed Used Cars!

1928 Chevrolet Sedan; complete- ly overhauled	\$300
1930 Chevrolet Sedan, just like new	\$650
1932 Chevrolet Light Delivery, just like new	\$750
1929 Chevrolet Coach, recondi- tioned and all new tires	\$350
1929 Chevrolet Coach, recondi- tioned, good tires	\$325
1930 Chevrolet Truck, recondi- tioned, new body	\$475
1929 Ford Truck	\$350

Sommerfield & Mayer
STONY PLAIN.



T. J. HARDWICK, STONY PLAIN.

Enjoy This Finer Quality

"GARDEN" TEA

"Fresh from the Gardens"

Britain Leads The Way.

Because of its importance as an essential factor in the economic and financial recovery of all nations, and because a reasonable, business-like settlement must be reached before that recovery becomes even possible, we offer no apology for again making the international war debts the subject of discussion in this column. Such discussion, if it is to be at all helpful, must, however, be conducted in a fair manner, arguments advanced must be based in justice and on reason, and nothing of a nature to provoke ill-feeling or prejudice indulged in. The whole object of such discussions should be to present facts, frankly outline and explain the actual position, and thereby seek to bring all nations closer together and into a genuine friendly understanding of each other's position, and the necessity of taking, not one-sided action, but in effecting re-adjustments which will prove beneficial to all.

First of all, let us again refer to the contention advanced by the Montana newspaper previously quoted by us, which presented the viewpoint of many people in that country that it was passing strange that Great Britain, while finding it difficult, in fact now impossible, to repay its debt to the United States in gold, was still able to devote 400 millions of dollars annually to military purposes.

Without attempting to analyse such payments in order to establish what proportion of them is accounted for by pensions, hospitalization, and other care of living disabled soldiers and sailors, and other payments which have to do with what is past and not as preparation for the future, we would present certain facts in support of our former statement that "Great Britain has reduced her military expenditures to a greater extent than any other country; that with a world-encircling Empire she is spending less, not only proportionately but actually, than the United States, much less than France, and that she is the foremost advocate of disarmament in the world today."

Great Britain does not maintain a large army, and never has done so. At the outbreak of the Great War it was so small that Germany looked at it with contempt. Such as it was, it was scattered all over the world, with the major strength in India, and units located at Gibraltar, Malta, Egypt, China, along lines of Empire communication. It was not an army of offense, but solely for defence; in a word, a necessary police force of the Empire. The British army is smaller today than before the war, and smaller than the army of the United States, almost insignificant compared with the standing armies of European countries.

Britain's chief expenditures have been on its navy, and that navy was likewise a defensive machine for a sea-surrounded country with Dominions, colonies and protectorates located in all parts of the globe. It was designed and created to protect the sea-borne commerce of the Empire in time of war, whether Britain was involved in such war or not, and to be "a world policeman" in time of peace, to succor and protect British subjects and other people in all parts of the world where revolution or disaster might occur.

Bearing these facts in mind, and the further fact that the British Empire is not smaller because of the Great War, but larger, and its responsibilities toward backward peoples greater than ever before, let us ponder for a moment what Britain has done to lessen military, or war, expenditures and to promote disarmament throughout the world.

In the British House of Commons recently, the First Lord of the Admiralty declared that, so far from hindering disarmament, "Great Britain had given a most magnificent lead to the world." He quoted figures to support his assertion. In 1914 Britain had 69 battleships; by 1936, when the next conference on naval strength falls due, Britain will have only 15 battleships. Britain's cruiser strength in 1914 was 108; by 1936 it will be 50. Of destroyers Britain, in 1914, possessed 285; in 1936 the number will be 117. In submarines Britain in 1914 had 74; by 1936 she will have only 38.

Now let us compare total naval tonnage of Great Britain, United States, France and Japan as it was in 1914, and as it will be when the next naval conference meets in 1936. Here are the figures:

	1914	1936	Increase or Decrease
Great Britain.....	2,160,000	1,151,000	47% Decrease
United States.....	881,000	1,139,000	29% Increase
France.....	746,000	500,000	33% Decrease
Japan.....	522,000	720,000	37% Increase

Thus has Britain led the way towards disarmament. Its army, which is a threat to no nation but a domestic police force, is smaller than ever; its navy, upon which at any moment the very food supplies of the British people may depend, and upon which thousands of British subjects in odd corners of the world have to rely in time of trouble, has been reduced by almost one-half. Can Britain with safety go farther until other nations display a willingness to follow her example?

Even the figures given do not tell the whole story. Britain relies on cruisers more than any other type of ship to protect her far-flung colonies and protectorates. The life of a cruiser is estimated to be about 20 years. Ninety British cruisers are already over that age, and by 1936 no less than 18 out of the total of 50 will be out-of-date.

France, like Britain, shows a decrease in total tonnage, but in 1914 very many ships in the French navy were of practically no fighting value, while today the French fleet is very much up-to-date.

At the present time Britain has 36 cruisers in actual commission, of which 29 are abroad. In the past 18 months there were 18 urgent calls for cruisers to be sent to various parts of the world, all cases of dire necessity, and the British Admiralty now finds the greatest difficulty in answering such demands. We again ask, should Britain go farther, scrap more ships, allow such demands for assistance to go unheeded, and remove from a still unsettled world that protection which, it has been the pride and glory of the British navy, it has always provided when the call came?

No, Britain is leading the way in disarmament, just as it is in relation to problems calling for solution. It is now up to those who profess to approve of her policy to follow that leadership and give a helping hand.

The Irish Free State has granted a 12½ per cent. bounty on cattle exported.

Snowy-owls, with wing spread of six feet, are flying south from the Arctic.

Helping the Poor

Eight cents now pays for a medical consultation, treatment and a bottle of medicine in the poor districts in Liverpool, England, where three experienced doctors carry on the work of the cheap dispensaries.

Honored By France

Woman Restored Mutilated Faces Of Pollu After War

For the work she did after the war in aiding plastic surgeons in restoring the mutilated faces of French poilu by creating life-lasting "portrait masks," Mrs. Anne Colman Ladd, Boston sculptor, has been awarded the Croix de Chevalier of the Legion of Honor.

"The method I used for my portrait masks," said Mrs. Ladd, "was technically this: A mask of the mutilated face was made. Then, working from photographs, or verbal descriptions, I would build up the missing or ruined features with my natural expression in the plaster cast. From this a gutta percha mask was hung in a copper bath for two days. The thin copper sheeting was then silvered and painted with a special enamel that would match the skin tone of the subject as nearly as possible. If the wounded man was blind, the mask would be equipped with false eyes, and with spectacles, eyelashes, eyebrows, and even a moustache. The masks were light and durable, and they will last a lifetime.

"These men could walk the streets and be recognized by their friends and relatives. They could smoke and twirl their moustaches.

"I have many touching letters from men I have been able to help."

Work Nearly Completed

Mishaps Delayed Cleaning Up Channel To St. John Harbor

For two years men have been engaged in removing ledges on the eastern side of Partridge Island and in straightening, as a consequence, the main channel leading into Saint John harbor. More than half the work has been completed.

The history of the undertaking dates back to the spring of 1929, when the S.S. Duchess of Richmond ran aground on the island. It was before daybreak, thick fog prevailed, and the ship had not acquired sufficient steam to counterbalance a strong tide. At two subsequent sessions of the Dominion Parliament, \$500,000 was voted for the channel deepening.

Work was delayed briefly by two mishaps. In October of last year the dredge "Leconfield" sank after an anchor punctured the hull. The crew scrambled to save the tug. Later, a rock breaker purchased at Halifax sank off Nova Scotia while being towed to Saint John. Another rock breaker is engaged in the work as well as two dredges, including the "Leconfield," which was salvaged and repaired.

The ledges are being reduced to a minimum of 30 feet below the surface at low water.

Eyes and Nervous Strain

Trying To See In Bad Light Causes Waste Of Energy

Your whole body wastes energy when your eyes are strained by trying to see in bad light, reported Doctor M. Luckless and Frank Moss at a session of the American Association for the advancement of science. Nervous muscular tension of a man reading a book increases or decreases in direct proportion to the amount of light falling on the book.

A possible aid to study of cancer, discovery of the organism that apparently plays a leading part in producing cancer in plants was described by Dr. Michael Levine, of Montegiore Hospital, New York.

The organism he has isolated seems to be what causes cells of a plant to multiply rapidly and produce a tumor. Human cancer results from a similar cancer in plants, fast growth of cells, but the organism that causes it is not known.

Study of how the organism works, said Dr. Levine, may throw some light on the cancer problem in general.

Idea Did Not Work

Stewards on the "Empress of Britain" had arranged to get George Bernard Shaw's signature to sell to autograph seekers. When one purchases drinks in the Calbay lounge one signs a bill. The stewards intended to pay for the drinks themselves and keep the bill—until they discovered Shaw was a teetotaler.

W. N. U. 1976

The Royal Bank of Canada

General Statement

30th November, 1932

LIABILITIES		
Capital Stock Paid up.....	\$35,000,000.00	\$35,000,000.00
Reserve Fund.....	832,000,000.00	
Balance of Profits carried forward.....	442,975.78	
Dividends Unclaimed.....	14,976.29	
December, 1932.....	875,000.00	37,686,951.24
Deposits not bearing interest.....	\$129,983,165.53	
Deposits bearing interest, including interest accrued to date of Statement.....	448,391,153.26	
Balance due to other Banks in Canada.....	1,000,000.00	
Balance due to Banks and Banking Correspondents elsewhere than in Canada.....	21,854,968.77	
Notes of the Bank in circulation.....		619,994,163.26
Cheques on other Banks in Canada.....		20,737,752.78
Notes Payable.....		25,000,000.00
Liabilities included in the foregoing.....		197,523.87
Letters of Credit Outstanding.....		20,072,581.71
		\$765,512,920.14
ASSETS		
Gold and Subsidiary Gold on hand.....	\$28,146,912.49	
Dominion Notes on hand.....	25,846,000.00	
Deposits in the Central Bank of Canada.....	10,000,000.00	
United States and other Foreign Currencies.....	16,252,000.00	
Notes of other Canadian Banks.....	2,087,242.18	
Real Estate and other Securities in Canada.....	15,447,794.41	
Balance due by other Banks in Canada.....	2,232.23	
Balance due by Banks and Banking Correspondents elsewhere than in Canada.....	58,445,357.92	
Dominion and Provincial Government Securities (not exceeding market value).....		79,402,825.96
Canadian Municipal Securities and British, Foreign and Colonial Public Securities (not exceeding market value).....		99,448,544.13
Call and other Bonds, Debentures and Stocks (not exceeding market value).....		26,759,444.41
Call and other Bonds, Debentures and Stocks (not exceeding thirty days' term value).....		9,748,496.47
Call and other Bonds, Debentures and Stocks (not exceeding thirty days' term value).....		28,951,263.41
Call and other Bonds, Debentures and Stocks (not exceeding thirty days' term value).....		36,400,142.54
Current Loans and Discounts in Canada (less rebate and doubtful debts).....		\$35,929,915.58
Current Loans and Discounts in Canada (less rebate and doubtful debts).....		825,398,972.62
Current Loans and Discounts in Canada (less rebate and doubtful debts).....		184,167,441.69
Non-Current Loans, estimated loss provided for.....	6,912,072.16	
Bank Premises at more than cost; less amounts written off.....		\$4,542,736.47
Real Estate other than Bank Premises.....		17,194,807.80
Mortgages on Real Estate sold by the Bank.....		87,847,778.78
Advances to Customers under Letters of Credit.....		26,092,517.78
Shares of and Loans to Controlled Companies.....		6,326,568.00
Deposits with the Minister for the purposes of the Circulation Fund.....		1,600,000.00
Other Assets not included in the foregoing.....		587,648.00
		\$765,512,920.14

NOTE—The Royal Bank of Canada (France) has been incorporated under the laws of France and is a member of the Union of the Banks of the Empire. The assets and liabilities of the Royal Bank of Canada (France) are included in the above General Statement.

H. S. HOLT, President. M. W. WILSON, General Manager.

AUDITORS' CERTIFICATE
To the Shareholders, THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA:
We have examined the above Statement of Liabilities and Assets at 30th November, 1932, of the Royal Bank of Canada (France), and the accounts of the Bank for the year ended 30th November, 1932, and we certify that the same are correct and that the assets and liabilities are correctly stated.

A. R. F. WILSON, C.A., Auditor.
JAS. C. WILSON & Co., Auditors.
Montreal, Canada, 28th December, 1932.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Balance of Profit and Loss Account, 30th November, 1931.....	\$4,155,185.41
Profits for the year ended 30th November, 1932.....	6,661,567.54
	\$9,816,752.95

APPROPRIATED AS FOLLOWS:

Dividend No. 17 at 12½ per annum.....	1,650,000.00
Dividend No. 17 at 12½ per annum.....	1,650,000.00
Dividend No. 18 at 12½ per annum.....	1,650,000.00
Dividend No. 18 at 12½ per annum.....	1,650,000.00
Contribution to Officers' Pension Fund.....	\$1,500,000.00
Appropriation for Bank Premises.....	200,000.00
Reserve for Dominion Government Taxes, including Tax on Bank Note Circulation.....	600,000.00
Transferred to Investment Depreciation Reserve.....	3,000,000.00
Balance of Profit and Loss carried forward.....	1,166,752.95
	\$9,816,752.95

H. S. HOLT, President. M. W. WILSON, General Manager.

Montreal, 28th December, 1932.

French Cafe In Tree

Reached By Windfall Staircase Built Around Trunk

In the branches of a tall chestnut tree at Sceaux, near Paris, France, a restaurant-cave has been opened. Resting on the branches are the separate dining places, access to which is gained by means of a winding staircase built around the trunk of the tree. The food is conveyed from the ground in baskets attached to ropes.

Saved Ten Pages

The most widely-read book in New York—the directory of the New York Telephone Company—appeared in its winter edition with the courtesy title "Miss" eliminated from the names of more than 12,000 unmarried female subscribers. The company said by deleting the title it cut 10 pages from each of the hundreds of thousands of the bulky books published.

Pains Around Her Heart

Tired Out After Doing Housework

My heart is so tired after doing housework, each morning, after doing a little housework, I seemed to get dizzy and feel all tired out.

Seeing that Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills were good for these troubles I sent for a box, and after taking the Pills for a few days I felt a little better. Since then I have had no return of the dizzy spells and pains around the heart.

For sale at all drug and general stores; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Treeless Prairies Will Soon Be A Thing Of The Past As Result Of Forestry Campaign

Extended stretches of treeless prairie are now the exception in Western Canada. Thirty years ago these were common. Since the Canadian Government instituted a tree-planting division in 1901 under the administration of the Department of Interior (recently transferred the work to the Department of Agriculture), a total of 117,225,958 trees have been distributed free to farmers in the Prairie Provinces. Of this total 115,190,070 were deciduous or broad-leaved trees and 2,035,868 were coniferous or evergreen.

Sufficient seedling trees to establish shelter belts have been sent out from the Canadian Government Forestry Stations at Indian Head and Sutherland, Saskatchewan, to as many as 6,000 farmers every year for the past thirty years, or an average of about 4,000,000 trees per year. In addition to the free distribution, millions of trees have been sold in the Prairie Provinces—Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta—by owners of prairie farm homes, which formerly stood out on a somewhat bare and unrelieved landscape, are now sheltered by gardens of stout trees, which not only serve as windbreaks, but help to conserve the moisture and make a decided contribution to the attractiveness of the surroundings. The trees that are the most popular among farmers in Western Canada are Caragana or Serbian pea, Manitoba maple, ash, poplar and willow. The "treeless prairie" passed into the limbo with many other things about the close of the nineteenth century.

Dominion Seed Branch

Effective Work Carried On For Benefit Of The Agriculturist

The Dominion Seed Branch encourages the production of superior seeds for domestic requirements and export; performs field inspection of seed crops for registration, and for certification as to purity of variety and quality; grades all field seeds offered for sale on the basis of control samples or of official samples drawn by inspectors; maintains laboratories for the analysis of seeds; feeding stuffs, fertilizers, blinder twine, insecticides and fungicides; supplies markets information and develops the marketing of these products, and of hay and straw which are graded on request administered the Seeds Act, Feeding Stuffs Act, Fertilizers Act, Inspection and Sale Act, and Agricultural Pests Control Act. The branch organization includes four main divisions, and for the enforcement of the Acts Canada is divided into seven inspection districts each supported by a service laboratory.

Big Sale Of Canadian Tobacco

Ontario Growers Obtain Handsome Returns On Crop Last Season

One of the largest tobacco manufacturing companies in England has recently bought 8,000,000 pounds of Ontario-grown tobacco, according to a statement issued by the Ontario Government Minister of Agriculture. This transaction is reported to complete the disposal of the 24,000,000-pound crop of blue-cured burley tobacco produced in Norfolk County, Ontario, which has returned about \$4,000,000 to the growers.

In recent years the sale of Canadian tobacco in the British Isles has been increasing due to the improvement in the quality and the preferential tariff accorded by British on tobacco grown in Canada and other parts of the British Empire.

Means What It Says

"Until death do us part" means something when Prince Edward Islanders stand before the altar. There was not one divorce action in the province during 1932, and only two divorces have been recorded since confederation.

Coal production in Germany is increasing.

W. N. U. 1938

Grow Oats in China

Canadian Oats Introduced By Missionary May Help To Supplant Rice

Canadian oats have been acclimatized to conditions in western China and are being distributed in quantity from West China Union University, Chengtu, a missionary institution, to government experimental farms and to the hill tribes in Szechwan province for 1933 sowing.

The original supply was brought across from Canada eight years ago by Rev. Frank Dickinson, B.A., M.Sc., a Canadian missionary, and landed by him in plot and field every season since.

In the Chengtu plain the staple diet is rice and in the hill country the tribes rely mainly on Indian corn. Under this condition it is considered that the introduction of oats will add ultimately an important article to the diet of large numbers of people. The experiment has not yet reached the commercial stage, but will be watched with interest.



By Ruth Rogers



PRACTICAL UNDIES FOR BROTHER AND FOR SISTER

Easily made. Here you have two patterns—an undershirt and pants for brother. The pants button on to the waist. And an undershirt for sister with bloomers that also button on to the waist.

They require such a small amount of material to fashion them. And simple—well—I guess! You could almost run them up before breakfast.

Several sets could be made in a single day of excellent quality fabric that will tub and tub. When you shop—look on the remnant counters, the saving will be enormous.

Batiste, cross-barred dimity, linen, pongee and novelty ribbed cotton fabric are sturdy.

Style No. 848 is designed for sizes 2, 4 and 8 years.

Size 4 requires 1 1/4 yards 25-inch for either Brother or Sister suit.

Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Turnips Are Popular

Canadian Product Is Favored In Markets Of United States

"Imported" turnips are becoming popular in U.S. menus; according to statistics which have been issued by the Canadian National Railways concerning Canadian turnips.

"By such humble instruments as the turnip, Canada's foreign export trade is being advanced," states the agricultural department of the railway. "Because of its tender quality, the Canadian turnip has been finding sudden favor in markets in the United States as widespread as from New England to Florida and as far west as Texas. During the past year the Canadian National Railways shipped no less than 2,000 carloads or about 1,200,000 bushels of turnips to points in the United States. Refrigerator cars are used exclusively in handling the traffic. These turnips all come from farms in Eastern Ontario and Prince Edward Island, the entire crop of the latter province being sent to the New England and New York markets."

Expect New Record

More Buyers Looked For At British Industries Fair

Months before the opening date the number of overseas buyers who have signed their intention to visit the British Industries Fair at Olympia and the White City, London, and Castle Bromwich, Birmingham, is more than 30 per cent. larger than the corresponding number last year, when the attendance of buyers set up a record.

The department sends out under special invitations to some 6,000 buyers in about 100 different overseas countries and territories. The fair, which will be held from February 20 to March 3, will be larger and more varied than any of its predecessors. The area booked by exhibitors is 21 per cent. larger.

Urges Music Study

Study of music in the schools, with a view to a professional singing career but as a valuable adjunct to success in seamanship or in any other lines of business endeavour, was recommended in Toronto by Edward Johnson, native of Guelph, Ont., and distinguished tenor of the New York Metropolitan Opera Company.

More than 250,000 varieties of flowering plants are found in the British Isles.

AMY'S WONDERFUL WELCOME AT CROYDON



It must be a hard job for press photographers to keep track of Amy Johnson Mollison, considered to be one of the finest aviators in the British Empire. One day she is in Cape Town, then in Paris, and again in London. Here we see her receiving a wonderful welcome at Croydon, London, at the completion of the round trip to Cape Town and back in record time. With Mrs. Mollison is her husband, Captain Mollison, who also holds several records for flying. In the background between the happy couple is Sir Malcolm Campbell, holder of the world's land record for automobiles.

Much Annoyance Is Caused By Heavy Exchange Rates Against Canadian Dollar In U.S.

The Wheat Kings

Canada Has Won Highest Award In Wheat Eighteen Times

Since the contest for the world's wheat championship was inaugurated in 1911, Canada has won the highest award eighteen times. At the last International Grain and Hay Show held at Chicago from November 26 to December 3, 1932, inclusive, 80 of the 83 awards for hard red spring wheat went to Canadian competitors, including the championship won by Herman Trelle of Wembley, Peace River, Alberta. The winners of the championship in the past twenty-two years are as follows:—

- 1911—Seager Wheeler, Saskatchewan.
- 1912—Henry Holmes, Alberta.
- 1913—Paul Gerlach, Saskatchewan.
- 1914—Seager Wheeler, Saskatchewan.
- 1915—Seager Wheeler, Saskatchewan.
- 1916—Seager Wheeler, Saskatchewan.
- 1917—Sam Lacombe, Manitoba.
- 1918—Seager Wheeler, Saskatchewan.
- 1919—J. C. Mitchell, Saskatchewan.
- 1920—J. C. Mitchell, Saskatchewan.
- 1921—G. W. Kraft, Montana, U.S.A.
- 1922—R. O. Wyler, Saskatchewan.
- 1923—Major H. G. L. Strange, Alberta.
- 1924—J. C. Mitchell, Saskatchewan.
- 1925—J. P. Yates, Montana, U.S.A.
- 1926—Herman Trelle, Alberta.
- 1927—C. Edson Smith, Montana, U.S.A.
- 1928—C. Edson Smith, Montana, U.S.A.
- 1929—Jos. H. B. Smith, Alberta.
- 1930—Herman Trelle, Alberta.
- 1931—Herman Trelle, Alberta.
- 1932—Herman Trelle, Alberta.

"France has been seeking ways for government support of the wheat market."

A camera for aeroplane panorama photography registers 270 square miles.

Canadians are both annoyed and mystified by the treatment their dollars receive in the United States. They know that conditions across the line are much worse than in the Dominion. Also, they are aware that, while banks in the Republic have been collapsing by the hundreds, there is not even a whisper against these institutions in their own country. Of course, the people of Canada realize that this condition is brought about by mysterious agencies such as exchanges and the balance of trade, but these explanations do not satisfy. This question is dealt with sympathetically by the Saginaw (Michigan) News in the following editorial comment:

"Canada does not understand but does resent the continuing fall of the Canadian dollar on the New York money market. Apparently it is a sympathetic reaction to the drop in the British pound sterling, accentuated by the war-debt issue. As a matter of fact, though, the Canadian financial system has nothing to do with the British system of which it is entirely independent. And Canada has no foreign war debt. It bore the entire and heavy burden of participation in the war through internal loans and internal financing, and owes no other country anything on account of the war."

A Canadian \$52,000,000 internal loan was over-subscribed; no Canadian obligation has been defaulted in the United States; Canada has maintained its export trade at a higher percentage than any other country. It has had no bank failures all through the depression; no disorders; no defaulted Government bonds; no element of insecurity for private investment; but it finds its dollar heavily discounted. In the circumstances it is not to be wondered at that the Canadians are puzzled over the problem."

It is an issue which should interest this country because one effect of the decline is further to discourage Canadian buying in the United States. And Canada's export has been a very good customer."

It will be noted that the Michigan paper dwells upon the discouragement of Canada buying in the United States, and admits that "Canada hitherto has been a very good customer." After all, apart from being a cause of annoyance, this discount on the Canadian dollar does not greatly affect the individual Canadian, if he stays at home. True, it has checked his buying of United States goods, and stopped many little excursions over the border, but this country is not the loser by that condition.—Toronto Globe.

Russia Issues New Order

Housewives Under 56 Deprived Of Bread And Sugar

On the eve of the end of the five-year plan, Russian housewives under 56 learned that beginning with the first of this year they would be deprived of bread and sugar, of which they now receive small rations.

This action, reflecting the food shortage in Russia, is an extension of the government's "no work—no food" policy and apparently is designed to inject more women into industrial occupations with the view to ultimate abolition of the home as the unit of family life.

At the height of the campaign which has been waged for several years to draw more women into industry a census of Moscow, 1932, showed there were approximately 100,000 housewives in the city at the end of 1931. At that time it was estimated the number would be reduced by half at the end of this year. Eighteen per cent. of the 100,000 were over 60.

Stream Flow In The Middle West

In southern Alberta, following average to above average run-off in May and June, stream flow has been continuously below normal, averaging only from 80 to 70 per cent. of the average monthly flow from July to October, inclusive, according to records of the Dominion Water Power and Hydropower Bureau of the Department of the Interior. In southern Saskatchewan the run-off has been even less and the summer flow, from May to October, inclusive, has had a monthly average only 33 to 35 per cent. of normal.

DE VALERA TO HAVE SUPPORT OF LABOR PARTY

Dublin, Irish Free State.—The Labor party has made a sudden and unexpected decision to support the Republican party of President Eamon de Valera in the general election of January 24.

Its decision followed announcement that former President William T. Cosgrave and Frank McDermott, leader of the National Farmers' League, had abandoned attempts to form a national coalition in opposition to the government because there was not sufficient time to complete their plans.

The sudden decision of the Laborites was taken as an indication they had patched up their differences with Mr. de Valera over reductions in the pay of postal workers.

After a party meeting, William Norton, Labor leader and secretary of the Post Office Workers' Union, said his party was proud of the stand President de Valera had taken on the national question.

He said his party believed the economic and political development of the country depended on maintaining the nation's "rights" and "meeting and beating external aggression, whether military or economic." This was a reference to the tariff war with the United Kingdom, which was started by refusal of Mr. de Valera's government to pay land annuities to the Bank of England.

Nomination of some 260 candidates for the seats in the Dail is expected to be completed soon. The government will have 98 candidates in the field, the Cumann na Gaedheal about 100, Labor about 24, the National Farmers' Union about 30, and Independents about 20.

Debtor-Creditor Legislation

Relief Measures To Come Before Next Session Of Alberta Legislature

Edmonton, Alberta.—Debtor-creditor legislation and unemployment relief measures to be passed on will dominate the programme to be placed before the Alberta legislature, provisionally scheduled to open February 2. Premier John Brownlee said today every effort was being made to keep the business to a minimum in all departments.

No undue changes in taxation are expected to come before the members although there may be some slight readjustments, Premier Brownlee, however, declared he would not go as far as the Saskatchewan Government in announcing that not a single new tax or increase in present taxes would be introduced.

Would Reduce Dollar Value

Senator Borah Wants U. S. To Go Off Gold Standard

Washington.—Senator W. E. Borah is preparing a bill to make the United States dollar buy less and by its enactment he hopes to help the farmers and improve economic conditions generally.

"Thirty-two nations have gone off the gold standard and we are still on it," Borah said. "That has practically destroyed the hope of our farmers to get a real price for their products. How are you going to remedy that until you remedy the money situation?"

Many Staking Claims

Hundreds Seeking Wealth In Manitoba's New Mineral Fields

Winnipeg, Man.—Manitoba's newest mineral fields, God's Lake and Island Lake, 350 miles northeast of Winnipeg, where hundreds of prospectors seek wealth this winter, has attracted attention anew.

Two thousand claims have been staked in the two mineral areas and the rush to record these has swamped the Manitoba mines branch office. It has been announced a resurvey would be made immediately and the tangle straightened out.

W. N. U. 1976

China-Japanese Conflict

Estimated Recent Fighting Resulted In Death Of 1700 Chinese Troops Helping China.—Marshal Chang Hsiao-ling informed Japanese authorities in a short letter that he refused to accept responsibility for the battle of Shanghai and did not care to have any dealing with the Japanese concerning it.

The marshal served notice on General Kotaro Nakamura, Japanese commander in north China, that further communications should be addressed to the Chinese Nationalist Government at Nanking. He placed blame for the Shanghai incident on the Japanese themselves.

Meanwhile it was understood the Chinese were getting ready for another battle in their positions southwest of Shanghai to which they retreated when the gateway city of Jehol was occupied by the Japanese after hard fighting.

Chinese officials here estimated the total Chinese military casualties in the Shanghai fighting at 1700, and they said the civilian casualties were extremely heavy.

One entire battalion of Chinese troops was reported to have been wiped out. Civilian casualties were accounted for by the intense bombardment from land, sea and air.

British authorities took precautions to safeguard British interests in the area of conflict.

French Vessel Wrecked

Luxurious Liner "Atlantique" Destroyed By Fire In English Channel

Cherbourg, France.—The luxurious liner "Atlantique" was wrecked by a furnace fire in the English Channel while proceeding to Havre for overhauling without passengers, with the loss of lives placed at 17.

Latest available figures here showed that 228 persons were aboard of whom 211 arrived here during the night of the rescue vessels. "The victims either suffocated at their posts of duty or drowned when a lifeboat upset.

All those rescued were utterly exhausted when they were brought here. All their possessions had been lost.

The captain of the liner was the last to leave her. He leaped into the sea and was picked up by a small boat from the steamer "Achilles," which, with the "Rurik" and the "Ford Castle," brought the survivors to Cherbourg.

Men in the boiler rooms were burned to death, the captain told port authorities, and others were overcome by smoke before they could escape. He explained no wireless distress messages were sent out because the operator was asphyxiated at his post.

Romanoff Treasures

Famous Russian Collection Is Shown In New York

New York.—Treasures from the Romanoff palaces—"25,000 jewelled Easter eggs, a 'gill pen' fashioned of gold diamonds, emeralds and 2,200 pearls, lavish dinner services and icons 400 years old were placed on exhibit in a Fifth Avenue department store.

They formed a \$1,000,000 collection acquired by the three Romanoff brothers, Armand, Victor and Harry, during the nine years they operated various concessions under the Soviet government, including a monopoly on pencils and stationery. By selling their American automobile factory there to the Soviets they won permission to take the treasures out of the country.

Submerged Continent

Calcutta, India.—An expedition to search for traces of a submerged continent that once may have linked India and Africa will leave here for Aden next August, under command of Colonel R. B. Seymour Swell, director of zoological survey in India.

Joins Radium Plant

Calgary, Alberta.—W. B. Friend, instructor in science and physics at Mount Royal College has gone to Fort Hope, Ont., to join the staff of the new radium plant there.

KING CELEBRATES



King Alexander of Yugoslavia may be harassed by various sections of his country, but the nation united this month to share with him in festivities on his birthday. Even in London, special services were held in the Russian Churches to celebrate the happy anniversary.

Heirs Claim Estate

Seven Persons Bring Suit Against University Of Alberta

Calgary, Alberta.—Governors of the University of Alberta have been named defendants in a suit instituted by seven persons resident in England to recover an Alberta estate awarded the University under the Ultimate Heirs Act.

The plaintiffs are Ellen Machley, William B. Sirrell, Arthur Bartlett, Catherine Sirrell, Arthur James Sirrell, John Sirrell and Evelyn Bray, all of Bromyard, Herefordshire, England, who claim Henry Sirrell, bachelor, who died intestate in December, 1929, was their brother.

When Henry Sirrell died at his home at Del Bonita, Alberta, he left an estate worth \$30,000. Efforts of a trust company, placed in charge, to ascertain whereabouts of relatives failed, and the estate was awarded the university. The plaintiffs claim they were unaware of their brother's death until recently, and now ask the estate be awarded them jointly.

Directors Are Elected

Canadian Aberdeen-Angus Association Chooses Officers For 1933

Winnipeg, Man.—Directors of the Canadian Aberdeen-Angus association for 1933, elected by mail ballot, are announced by Secretary W. Crawford here as follows:

Manitoba—Harry Leader, Portage; John Hume, Souris.

Saskatchewan—W. J. F. Warren, Bellevue; W. D. Lyon, Deveron.

Alberta and British Columbia—S. J. Henderson, Lacombe; Alberta: E. Ward Jones, Calgary; Roy Balhorn, Wetaskiwin, Alberta.

The annual meeting of the association will be held at Calgary, March 28.

Cancel Interest On Farm Loans

Saskatchewan Taking Measures To Lift Burden From Farmers

Regina, Sask.—Official announcement was made by Premier J. T. M. Anderson, in a province-wide radio broadcast that the government will ask the legislature at the coming session to cancel one year's interest on all Saskatchewan farm board loans in the province. The period is to date from November 1, 1931, to November 1, 1932.

Those who have paid their interest for the period mentioned will be credited with the payment on their principal.

All arrears of interest previous to November 1, 1931, will be amortized and made payable over a period of five years.

It has also been decided by the government to seek sanction of the legislature to amortize other charges and arrears of principal as of November 1, 1932, over a period of 10 years, the first payment to be made November 1, 1933, with interest chargeable on the amount amortized at six and a half per cent. the rate now fixed by the legislature.

A reduction of one and a half per cent. on amortized interest is being made by the government. The amount involved in the interest amortization in the five-year plan is approximately \$1,375,717, while the amount of arrears and principal charges being amortized over 10 years is \$974,978.38.

General action by commercial lending institutions along the lines of extension of interest arrears and postponement of principal payments was foreshadowed by the premier.

City Is Own Banker

Calgary Fighting The Exchange Payment Situation

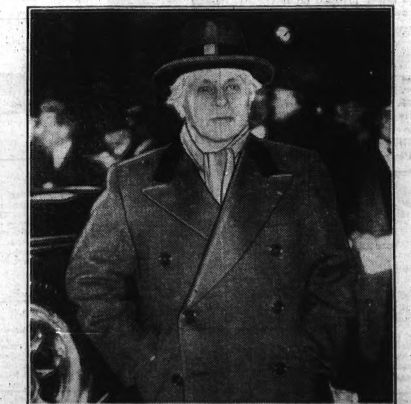
Calgary, Alberta.—The city of Calgary has virtually become its own banker.

Fighting the exchange payment situation and the struggle to obtain \$750,000 credit to maintain city services pending tax collections, civic officials kept tax prepayments in city hall vaults under strong guard, sending to the bank only sufficient funds to meet obligations immediately due.

Formal application to force the Bank of Montreal to extend the three-quarters of a million dollars in credit was taken by Mayor Andy Davidson, but the question was still undecided and the bank remained adamant in refusal to provide credit unless the city paid \$300,000 in United States exchange charges in meeting debenture payments in excess of \$2,000,000.

Loyalty of taxpayers was again demonstrated during the day when tax prepayments of \$185,000 yesterday was increased to \$222,976.72, far in excess of the two-day total last year when \$169,025.15 was paid in advances.

M BONCOUR PUTS HIS HOUSE IN ORDER



M. Paul Boncour, the new Prime Minister of France, was caught by our photographer, leaving the Elysee, Paris, after forming the Cabinet which was accepted by the Chamber of Deputies after M. Herriot had resigned and M. Chautemps had failed to form a government.

RAILWAY MEN ASK ADJUSTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT

Toronto, Ont.—A petition has been forwarded to Earl Bessborough, Governor-General, on behalf of some 7,000 railway engineers and firemen and 14,000 conductors, brakemen and others pleading for readjustment of hours of employment so that there will be a more equitable distribution of work on the railways.

The petition was sent by I. E. Weldon, K.C., of Toronto, for the Canadian Re-employment: Railwaymen's Association which has branches in many centres in Canada and which declares approximately half the railway employees in Canada are out of work it is pointed out some employees work as much as 80 hours a week.

One hundred miles, in freight service, is considered equivalent to an eight-hour day. It is requested employed railwaymen be restricted to 24 work days a month.

As the Canadian people own the Canadian National, and because the government "has great influence with the Canadian Pacific," it is urged immediate steps be taken to revise the hours of labor. It is suggested His Excellency, the C.P.R., to adopt the plan outlined and if unable to proceed by private negotiation to proceed under the Industrial Disputes Act.

Study Wheat Situation

Groups Being Organized In Saskatchewan For This Purpose

Prince Albert, Sask.—After being addressed by C. H. Puckering, who spoke on behalf of the Regina World Grain Show, the local board of trade decided to form a group which will make a study of the wheat situation and prepare recommendations as to how it is believed the ills of the industry can best be cured. Thirty such groups have now been organized in Saskatchewan.

Mr. Puckering declared other countries are organizing upon similar lines, the purpose being to formulate plans for action which will be considered at the conference to be held in conjunction with the grain exhibition in the capital city next year. Mr. Puckering expressed the belief it is up to Saskatchewan to impress upon representatives of European countries that it would be best for them to grow other crops and instead of producing their own wheat to buy the best bread wheat available, which Canada can supply.

Unemployment Insurance

Ontario Government Views Proposal With Sympathy

Toronto, Ont.—The Ontario Government views the proposal of general unemployment insurance with sympathy and will seek to have it in operation at the earliest possible moment, Premier George S. Henry told a delegation of the Ontario executive of the trades and labor congress.

The delegation was accompanied by Tom Moore to Ottawa, president of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada, and a request that the Ontario Government lead in advocating unemployment insurance at the forthcoming Dominion-Provincial Conference in Ottawa was the feature of the proposals advocated by the delegation.

Another request that Labor be represented at the conference, was a matter for the Dominion Government, Mr. Henry said.

Other requests were: Amendments to the Liquor Control Act providing for beer-by-the-glass.

Gets Five Years

Calgary, Alberta.—Roman Jugwicz, 22-year-old Calgary youth, was sentenced to five years in penitentiary by Magistrate H. H. Scott, when charged with the armed robbery of the Third Street West branch of the Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Basic wages in New South Wales for men have just been fixed \$17.50 a week.

[illegible]

Insure Your Health

Take regularly
The Vitamin-rich

SCOTT'S EMULSION

of Norwegian
Cod Liver Oil



To Build Resistance
Easy to Digest

HEART OF THE NORTH

WILLIAM
BYRON
MOWERY

(WNU Series)

Copyright by William Byron Mowery

CHAPTER IV.—Continued.

She checked the plea. "She could not bring herself to put Alan in so fearful a dilemma. Looking up, she met his gaze squarely again. "No, I can't ask that of you. I'd never ask that."

He chose his words very carefully. "The question with me, Joyce, is this: How deeply is your father involved? I can't think he'd go the whole length with these bandits. I can't think he'd countenance murder or even so brazen a robbery as these men staged. Perhaps they deluded him about their intentions. If they're caught, they're going to lie and throw as much of the blame on him as they can. But if I can have the truth as a working basis, I can nail their lies. We can't hope to save him from a penalty, but we maybe can save him from the—the worst."

Joyce blanched at the last word, at the spectre it aroused. Her father stood charged with murder. In her heart the Law suddenly became a tangible and fearsome thing.

Alan went on: "You stand a better chance of getting the truth from him than I do, Joyce. He'd suspect me if I tried to talk to him. But with you he'd be more frank and open. When he comes in, won't you try to find out what you can?"

"You mean I'm to watch him and gather what hints I can, and perhaps ask questions that seem innocent?"

"That's exactly it, Joyce. Exactly what I meant. If you'll do that for me, if you'll help me that much . . . Joyce, don't you see why I told you this? Don't you see it's because I'm going to stick with you? I won't see your dad railroaded. I'll help him to the limit I can—because he's your father."

He was facing her in the ghostly morning light. Again he was conscious that his four months of absence, breaking the friendship between them, had invested her with an aura of strangeness to him; and that all during this brief farewell visit he had become aware of her in a quickened sense. How brave and comradely a girl! And in spite of her hard life here, in spite of her efforts to be a good bush-lup, how winsome and girlish and adorable she was!

TIRED AND IRRITABLE?

Take Lydia E. Pinkham's
Vegetable Compound

It steadies the nerves and helps to build you up. You will eat better . . . sleep better . . . look better. Life will seem worth living again. Remember that 98 out of 100 women say, "It helps me." Let it help you too. Liquid or tablet form, as you prefer.

W. N. U. 1976

Unwilling to detain him, Joyce offered him her hand, wishing him success today, hiding her fears for him when he should come up with these men. Alan bent nearer to her, he bent down a little to kiss her, as more than once he had done in the years past. It was an impulsive act; he was swept by admiration of her bravery, of her girlish prettiness. And it was a humble act of contrition, too, and self-reproach; for he had said to himself that if he had kept up his visits here, instead of leaving Joyce all alone to the battle, he might have halted Dave MacMillan's plunge into crime.

She went with him down to the wharf and stood watching the patrol embark. At the first bend above, he turned to look back. Vaguely through the mist he saw Joyce still standing on the wharf in the gray chill of earliest morning. He waved to her and caught the white tinge of her kerchief answering.

When the mist had hidden her from him, he turned his eyes ahead. Some where on up the spruce-barked Alooska were those six bandit strangers, rifle-armed and desperate and certain to give battle. Against them he was pitting his life and the lives of his men today.

Fifty miles above the MacMillan trading store, Alan ordered Pedenault to swerve in toward the north bank and stop.

He believed those bandits could not be very far ahead now. Across this silent wilderness the roar of the launch's engine carried for five or six miles. Warned of pursuit, those criminals might lift their canoes back into the timber and let the police go harmlessly past. Likelier still, they might lay an ambush where the river was narrow, and open on the launch with repeating rifles at a murderous point-blank range. But if he located them on up-stream, he could slip upon them quietly in the paddle craft and lay a deadly ambush himself.

Taking a pair of binoculars, Alan splashed ashore and hurried up a hill to its summit. There he had a clear view of a long river "straight" reaching twenty miles up-stream.

He moved his glasses slowly up-stream, praying for a glimpse of those two outlaw canoes. Carefully focusing, he scrutinized the river, the banks on either side with their little cranes and hollows; and searched above the trees for a wisp of camp smoke. Nothing, nothing whatsoever, of two creeping black dots. The bandits were twenty miles ahead at least.

As he hurried back down to the launch, he began to realize that those two canoes had travelled more swiftly than he had thought possible. For the first time in his police experience Alan found himself ill at ease and uncertain of what he was running into. Though he could understand, on the assumption of Dave MacMillan's guilt, how the bandits knew just the right moves to make in this dimly known country, still he was utterly unable to explain how six absolute strangers could get into this country unseen. Who they were, where they had come from, how they had got in here unknown to everybody—the whole thing was unaccountable. He hardly knew what to expect of them next.

Splashing back upon the launch, he told his men tersely: "They're not in sight yet, and I could see for twenty miles. We've got to meet up with them before they reach the Forks. They're making tracks, Ped, you see. Light to drive by now. We'll take our chances."

Twice more that morning, between Pedenault's reckless dashes, he hurried ashore and futilely searched ahead. Something had gone wrong. The patrol should be within sight of them. Estimating their speed and the speed of the pursuing launch, he knew the police craft should have overtaken them about eighty miles above the MacMillan trading post. He had come a hundred and twenty, and no sight of them yet. They had either dodged aside, or had done something to give them a big edge over what he thought possible.

It was afterwards when the waters of the Alooska had given up their grisly secret, that Joyce MacMillan listened to the accounts of several Yellowknife men and gazed upon certain grim evidence, and placed together the story of how these band-

its were able to keep in the lead. But Alan knew nothing of that harrowing story now; he knew only that something had upset all his calculations.

Fifteen miles from the Alooska Forks he went ashore a last time and climbed a scrub tree. He had a clear view to the Forks. The glasses picked up a sight that set his heart pounding madly against his ribs.

Far ahead, three short miles from the Forks of the Alooska, a pair of tiny black objects, like bugs crawling along a silver ribbon.

He jumped out of the tree, leaped down the slope.

Splashing aboard, he flung all caution to the winds. "Throw into the launch! We've got to beat them to the Forks. We'll close on them in the launch. Got to! They'll hear us but they won't stop, won't fight, if they can make it there. Open her up! To—h—i with rocks and mud bars now!"

His last words were drowned in the engine's roar as Pedenault opened out the launch. With the sting of his eyes and the spray lashing him, Alan clutched the painter to keep from being flung bodily overboard, and gave Pedenault what help he could.

The craft careened around the last bend, a scant mile from the great Y of the Alooska. A clear open stretch lay in front. Dashing the blinding spray from his eyes, Alan rose precariously to his feet, looked ahead; and his heart sank as the truth was borne in upon him.

Those canoes had beaten him to the Forks.

It was maddening, his defeat—doubly maddening for its closeness to a smashing triumph. He had come within five minutes of overhauling them in the launch, and then had missed, had missed by a mile that loomed gigantic as two hundred. They had beaten him. They had heard the thundering boat, had flung their whole strength into the race; and now were whipping on eastward along one or other of the Alooska branches.

The launch, would have to be abandoned at the Forks. He knew the police boat would be stranded or wrecked within half a mile if it attempted to go up either of those shallow streams. He would have to take to paddle canoes and split his party.

Unhesitant, he planned swiftly. The chances were ten to one that the bandits had darted up the left branch leading northeast into the Thal-Azah. He decided quickly: "I'll follow that left branch. I'll take Bill with me, he's a red-hot devil in a fight, he's our best shot; he'll be dependable in whatever comes. But the third man—Ped or Larry?" Both splendid men, both experienced veterans of many a patrol.

He made up his mind. "I'll send Ped up the right branch with Murgoon and Whipple. Bill and Larry and I'll short up the left. We'll be the ones to do the business."

As the great Y of the Alooska loomed up, he turned and gestured to Hardcock and Larry. Silently understanding, they crept back to the stern deck, unlashed the canoes and had them ready by the time Pedenault, slowing down the launch, steered it in between two little walled islands at the Forks and stopped.

Alan ordered him: "Ped, take these two men and whip 'em up the south branch. Larry and Bill and I'll cover the north. If you sight them, don't pitch into that pack. You'd be fighting six men single-handed. If they did happen to go that way, you drop back here to the Forks and wait for us. We'll be able to track them in that timber country. Let's pile off. They can't be over a mile and a half away."

Bill snarled: "H—!s blue blazes. Alan! Let's stick together. We split, and this up like this, it's the d—est fool trick I ever heard of!"

DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS

HEADACHE
INDIGESTION
BILIOUSNESS
CONSTIPATION



Get Rid of That SORE THROAT!

Any little soreness in the throat grows rapidly worse if neglected. Crush some tablets of Aspirin in some water, and gargle at once. This gives you instant relief, and reduces danger from infection. One good gargle and you can feel safe. If all soreness is not gone promptly, repeat. There's usually a cold with the sore throat, so take two tablets to throw off your cold, headache, stiffness or other cold symptoms. Aspirin relieves neuralgia, neuritis, too. Use it freely; it does not hurt the heart.

ASPIRIN

TRADE-MARK REG. IN CANADA



"Shut-up!" Alan snapped. "Generals orders, not mine. Every d—d thing you say or do will be tattled to him." He tossed the launch anchor into the mud. "I said pile out. Let's be moving." He stepped down into a canoe, stood rifle between his knees, caught up a paddle.

Cursing beneath their breath, Bill and Larry clambered in with him. The two canoes separated.

(To Be Continued.)

Little Helps For This Week

"Bear ye another's burdens, and so fulfill the law of Christ." — Galatians 6:2.

There are those who take what they can get. These peer and sniff for more; Who save and stint, and dwell content. Behind a miser's door.

There are those who give with generous hand. And seek to give still more; The sick and sad, the poor and low, Find welcome at their door. —Grenville Kleiser.

However perplexed you may at any hour become about some question of truth, one refuge and resource is always at hand; you can do something for others besides yourself. When your own burden is heaviest you can always lighten a little some other burden. Let this thought then stay with you: there may be times when you cannot find help, but there is no time when you cannot give help. —George S. Merriam.

Hobby Proves Valuable

Ottawa Airman Makes Living Out Of Talent For Whittling

Things looked bad a few months ago for A. B. Abolt of 22 Bower Street, Ottawa, but he has whittled his way out of the depression. Discharged from the Royal Canadian Air Force when the government cut staffs, he was left without resources and with an expensive house he had built himself.

He had a hobby, whittling. Ever since he was a boy in Pictou, N.S., he had whittled little wooden statuettes just for the fun of it. He started whittling in earnest, making caricatures of human types on Canada's Atlantic Coast, images of Indians, getting the costumes right by studying specimens in the National Museum of Canada at Ottawa, and model totem poles.

The things sold well in Canada and in the United States. Abolt wonders if he couldn't find one or two other whittlers who would join him in forming a small whittling industry. He can't fill all his orders himself, he said.

It has been learned unofficially that the Japanese government has communicated to the Soviet Government a formal threat to sign a non-aggression pact with Soviet Russia proposed by this government a year ago.

No more dusting for me!



at least not with old-fashioned dust cloths. I've found a better way.

Thousands of Canadian women know that her "better way" is the **Wunder Paper**. Made from clean rags and soft paper pulp, scientifically treated with high-grade furniture polish, it dusts—so it cleans—as it polishes.

Wunder Paper is changing the old-established order of house-cleaning. One neat package of it appeals more to women than yards of old rags that spread dust and constantly need washing to be sanitary.

You get twenty-five sheets of Wunder Paper for a quarter. Simply crumple a sheet into a soft wad, go over the furniture, woodwork, and the floors. The results are a delight. In half the time and with half the effort, you get a necessary task done far more satisfactorily. And when you're through, throw away the piece of Wunder Paper. No shaking out, or washing of dusters. Certainly you ought to try Wunder Paper.

Special Offer
WUNDER PAPER is made by the makers of the famous PARASANI, the Heavy Waxed Paper in the Green Box. Most grocery, hardware and department stores have Appleford Wunder Paper in stock. If yours hasn't, just send this coupon and we'll give you a booklet entitled "Lettovers", containing one hundred recipes, as a bonus.

Appleford Paper Products, Ltd., Montreal, Canada.
Enclosed find 25¢ for which please send me one package of The Wunder Paper and your 100 recipes for "Lettovers".

Name _____
Address _____
My dealer is _____

Hansen's Corners.

John Lindsay, an oldtime resident of Hansen's district, passed away Thursday last, in his 68th year.

The funeral took place on Saturday, Jan. 7; services being conducted by the Rev. Sutton, pastor of Wabamun church.

Deceased had homesteaded in the Hansen Corner district some 25 years ago, and had moved in to Carvel district in 1928.

He leaves to mourn his loss 1 daughter, Elizabeth, and 2 sons Robert and John.

The U.F.W.A. at Hansen's Corner had a successful year in 1932, and is looking forward to another successful one in '33. The annual meeting was held jointly with the U.F.A. For the 1933 list of officers one change was made, Mrs. McLeod succeeding Mrs. Erickson as V-Pres.

Curling Club Loses 2 Men.

The officers and members of the Stony Plain Curling Club regret the transfer of Mr. Morrison to another point on the Canadian National Ry. and the loss of Mr. John Schultz from their ranks. The latter intends moving to Barrhead in the near future, where he will reside.

Schultz Farm Changes Hands

Negotiations having been completed for the transfer of the former Government experimental farm, at the head of Main street, the new owners, Harmell Brothers, are said to have taken charge of the layout this week. The Harmell brothers, Fred and Adolf, are not unknown here, having farmed in this district before their removal to the Barrhead district.

In the deal made, Mr. John Schultz secured a half section of land in Barrhead district, to which place he intends removing in the near future.

Holborn Happenings.

Holborn U.F. Junior Local held their annual meeting on Wed. Dec. 23. H. Aubrey, the president, and Miss M. MacDonald the secretary, were retained in office; K. McKinnon was elected treasurer and Wm. Mills assistant; the balance of the officers were returned.

The dance which followed the Christmas concert was a great success; a very large crowd attended and the profits secured will be turned into school equipment.

The dance held Dec. 30th also was a success. A large crowd similar to what we used to have in olden times attended. A quilt was raffled, the winner being W. Snider.

The Holborn locals put on a second whisky drive Tuesday, the 10th.

There is to be a whisky drive at Hansen Corners on the 13th.

Carvel Clippings.

The long discussed project of moving the Ukrainian Community hall from its old place on the Onaway road north of Carvel corner, took place last week. The matter had been under discussion for a number of years, but was opposed by those members residing in the northern part of the district. The building is now located on the lot between the two churches on Howat avenue, a 5-year lease on the same having been secured. A City engineering firm, with two tractors and the aid of some horses, did the job. A steam engine which was being taken out for the work was ditched on crossing an icy grade while half way out from the City.

Religious services were held here on Friday last, at the Greek church, when the Festival of the Epiphany was celebrated.

Funeral of Samuel Loyer.

The funeral took place on Wednesday Jan. 4th, of Mr. Samuel Loyer, of Wabamun. Services were held in Wabamun R.C. Church by the Rev. C. Keenan, and interment was made in the cemetery. Deceased had passed away in an Edmonton hospital from injuries received while working in a coal mine.

He leaves to mourn his loss his wife and 6 children.

The Bank was "N.S.F."

A colored man went into a Detroit bank the other day and said, "I have \$300 in a bank down south and I would like to have the money up here where I am now living."

"That's all right," said the banker. "Just give us a check for \$300.00 and we'll start your account at once."

In a few days the cheque came back marked "insufficient funds." The banker called his customer and berated him for giving a bad cheque. "You send that cheque back," said the customer. "I've got \$300 in that bank."

Within a week of so a certified cheque came from the southern bank with this explanation: "When we said insufficient funds, we did not mean he had insufficient funds; we meant the bank had insufficient funds."

Stony Plain and District

Mr. Lawrence Wight, a former mayor, was a business visitor in Stony Plain Tuesday.

Mr. Val Tailer Jr., the popular teacher at Brookdale School, who has been under the doctor's care for the past two weeks, will resume his teaching duties on Monday next.

Wednesday evening next, the 18th, is the date of the first of a series of whisky drives under the auspices of the Town Band. There will be five prizes given at this first event.

The bailiff's sale billed for Saturday last, in town, was cancelled, by order.

A dance will be held at Muir Lake Community Hall tomorrow night, the 13th.

Comet S.D. ratepayers are to meet tomorrow, the 9th.

BUTTER AND EGGS WANTED

At The Royal Cafe.

LOST—1 Clyde mare, about 1400 lbs., 12 years old; big white star on forehead. Apply Jac Ursel Jr., Stony Plain P.O., or Sun Office.

The Hope Mission, Edmonton, is asking farmers of this district for donations of butter, meat, whole wheat, for distribution among the City's poor.

Obituary

An old resident of Garden Valley passed away on Dec. 28th in the person of Mr. Valentine Miller. The funeral took place on Monday, Jan. 2nd, 1933; services being conducted in St. Matthew Lutheran church by Rev. Emil Eberhardt.

Deceased was in his 83rd year, having been born in Poland on March 8th, 1850. He left Poland in the year 1890, settling in Chicago; and came to Canada in 1897, where he has resided since, on his homestead at Garden Valley. His wife pre-deceased him in 1916.

He is survived by one son John Miller, in Chicago, and 3 daughters.

Mr. John Armbruster had charge of the funeral arrangements.

Bus Time Table.

Stops at Royal Cafe.
To Edmonton, 10:50
To Evansburg, 17:50

The Market Report

WHEAT.	
No. 1 Northern	0.29
No. 2 Northern	0.27
No. 3 Northern	0.25
No. 4 Northern	0.24
OATS.	
2 C. W.	0.12
3 C. W.	0.09
Extra 1 Feed	0.9
No. 1 Feed	0.08
No. 2 Feed	0.07
BARLEY.	
No. 3	0.14
No. 4	0.11
Feed	0.10

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The Sun's Calendar.

- JANUARY—
- 13—Dances, Muir Lake Community Hall.
 - 13—Comet S.D. rate-payers' annual meeting.
 - 13—Whisky drive, Hansen Corners Hall.
 - 14—Annual meeting of Lucknow S.D. ratepayers.
 - 17—United Farmer's Convention at Calgary.
 - 18—Whisky Drive in Town Hall by Town Band.
 - 21—Reception by the Editor, for overseas subscriptions.
- FEBRUARY—
- 9—The Legis' state opens.

Spruce Grove News

Mr. Joe D. Miller, former manager of the Spruce Grove hotel, and now residing in Edmonton, was a business visitor here on Saturday last.

The annual meeting of the Spruce Grove S. D. No. 450 was held in the School the afternoon of Saturday, Jan. 7th. Mr. Wm. McLeod, who was chairman of the board, was re-elected as trustee for another term.

Mrs. Jac Brox, accompanied by Mrs. J. Fuhr, were Sunday visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Goebel.

Due to an insufficient number of the members being present, the regular meeting of the Young People's Society was cancelled last Wednesday evening, but arrangements were made to have the meeting held last evening at the home of Mrs. L. Piercy.

Mr. Geo. Willie, who arrived last week from Lacombe, was the guest of Mr. Jac Brox for a few days.

The Rural Free Delivery has been "speeded up" somewhat with the addition of Mr. C. Barnhart on the staff of Rural Mail's Inc.

Mr. J. W. Connolly, who is vice president of Stony Plain Curling Club, is receiving the congratulations of his friends on the fact that the set of rinks headed by the Vice-president overcame the set of rinks headed by the President, in the annual contest between these two parties. Since the club was organized, this is the first time the vice president's side has won this honor. The President's gang are now out with their pea shooters and snares, getting the rabbits for the Hassenpfeffer banquet to the victors.

Church Services.

Service at Rosenthal Lutheran church Sunday, Jan. 15, at 10:45 a.m.

Services in St. Philip's Church next Sunday, 7:30 p.m.

United Church service every Sunday Evng. at 7:30.

On Sunday Jan. 15 there will be Lutheran services at St. Matthew Schoolhouse at 7:30 p.m., by Rev. H. Kuring.

LOST, Gold Watch, on Main St. from Gillespie elevator to School Corner. Reward on return to Sun Office. 37np.

YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO BE WITHOUT YOUR LOCAL PAINTER—SUBSCRIBE NOW AND KEEP PAID UP.

REPAIR WORK!

All Kinds of Carpentering, Plastering, Brick Work, and Repair Work on Buildings.

Mr. Val. Pailer,
Stony Plain.

FOR WINTER DRIVING

FILL YOUR RADIATOR WITH ANTI-FREEZE!

WILL NOT EVAPORATE.

Anti-Freeze will not damage car finish, is odorless and non-inflammable. One filling lasts all season. Drive in and have your Radiator filled now.

SOMMERFIELD & MAYER,

Agents for CHEVROLET and OLDSMOBILE CARS.
Agents for BRITISH AMERICA OIL CO.

The Only Correct Lubrication—We have the only 9000-lb Pressure Gun west of Edmonton. Let us grease your car.

SERVICE GARAGE, Stony Plain.

ANDERSON'S BAKERY.

Fresh Bread Every Day—4 Loaves for 25c; 13 for \$1.

ALL KINDS OF PASTRY AND PIES.

See Our SATURDAY SPECIALS in the Window.

PAUL ANDERSON, - Proprietor.

THE SANITARY MEAT MARKET.

PHONE 21.

BUYING HOGS AND LIVE STOCK EVERY THURSDAY.

PETER HENKEL, Proprietor.

APPLES!

A Carload Just Arrived, comprising:

GRIMES' GOLDEN, WAGNER, McINTOSH RED, DELICIOUS,

And all the other good varieties.

CHAS. RIES,

At the L. Zilliox Warehouse, Stony Plain.

M. MECKLENBURG, Optical Specialist

Edmonton Office, 400a Tegner Bldg.

The Best Fitting Glasses. The Latest Styles in

Frames, Glass Eyes.

—MODERATE CHARGES.